

The process_site_templates Script

[Overview](#)

[Run the /scripts/process_site_templates script](#)

[Options](#)

[Example](#)

[Additional documentation](#)

Overview



Important:

You **cannot** run this script as the `root` user.

The `/scripts/process_site_templates` script processes template files and user-provided data to create a [Site Publisher](#) website.

When users publish a Site Publisher website, the script performs the following actions:

1. The script logs template information and the target directory to the `/usr/local/cpanel/logs/error_log` file.
2. The script saves a copy of the target directory's current contents as a tarball in the `/home/user/site_publisher/backups/` directory, where `user` represents the account's username.



Note:

If the system encounters a file system or file quota error during this step, it will **not** save the tarball and will **not** publish the new Site Publisher website.

3. The script deletes any Site Publisher backup tarballs that are more than 30 days old.
4. The script generates and saves the new Site Publisher website's files.



Notes:

- If one of the new website's files conflicts with an existing file, the system overwrites the existing file with the new file.
- If the system encounters an error during this step, it restores the target directory's original contents from the backup tarball and does **not** publish the new Site Publisher website.
- The system saves configuration information for the new website in the `/home/user/site_publisher/configurations/` directory, where `user` represents the account's username. It saves this file as the `home-user-public_html-example.com.json` file, where `home-user-public_html-example.com` represents the Site Publisher website's target directory, with hyphens (-) instead of slashes (/).

Run the /scripts/process_site_templates script

To run the `/scripts/process_site_templates` script on the command line, use the following format:

```
/scripts/process_site_templates [options]
```

Options

You can use the following options with the `/scripts/process_site_templates` script:

Option	Description
<code>--define</code>	<p>Define a template variable and its desired value. Each template variable requires a separate <code>--define</code> flag.</p> <div data-bbox="263 1705 1481 1927"><p> Important:</p><p>The template that you specify determines the values to define.</p><ul style="list-style-type: none">• If you use a cPanel-provided template, read our Guide to Site Publisher Templates documentation for a list of template variables.• If you use a third-party template, consult that template's documentation or its <code>meta.json</code> file.</div>

<code>--help</code>	Display a help message.
<code>--source</code>	<p>Define the absolute path to the template's source location.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <code>/var/cpanel/customizations/site_templates/</code> — The root user's templates. • <code>/home/username/var/cpanel/reseller/site_templates/</code> — A reseller's templates, where <code>username</code> represents the reseller's username. • <code>/usr/local/cpanel/etc/site_templates/</code> — cPanel-provided templates in cPanel & WHM version 56 through 68. • <code>/usr/local/cpanel/3rdparty/share/site_templates/</code> — cPanel-provided templates in cPanel & WHM version 70 and later.
<code>--target</code>	Define the absolute path to the directory to which you wish to publish the Site Publisher website. Generally, you should specify the target domain's home directory path.

Example

For example, to use the `/scripts/process_site_templates` script, you could run the following command:

```
/scripts/process_site_templates --source=/var/cpanel/customizations/site_templates/my_template --target=/home/username/public_html/example.com --define business_name="National Emotion, Inc." --define phone="867-5309" --define contact="jenny@example.com"
```

This example uses the `root` user's `my_template` template to publish a website for the `username` cPanel user's `example.com` domain, and defines values for three parameters that the `my_template` template uses.

Additional documentation

- [The `process_site_templates` Script](#)